# sensys. Perfect design, perfect action



### Hettich's first hinge with integrated dampening

sensys marks the latest generation in hinge technology: The dampening element is integrated invisibly into the hinge – an innovation that meets the highest criteria for convenience and functionality. Just a light touch – and the door closes smoothly and silently. The unique pull-in function closes the door gently and automatically as soon as the open angle is less than 35°. sensys delivers an exclusive closing experience. sensys incorporates high quality material and perfect 'Silent System' soft closing action – without the need for bulky adaptors.



### Clean, elegant design

sensys has an elegant, contemporary look and meets all customer expectations for outstanding design and quality. The simple, sleek, harmonious lines of the design – from the cup and the arm cover cap to the mounting plate – give the hinge its streamline modern look. All edges and radii contribute to the perfect harmony of hinge and mounting plate. Silent System dampening is integrated invisibly in the hinge, as is the unlatch tab. Specially designed cover caps conceal fixing screws and adaptors. Winner of zhe 2008 reddot Design Award and the 2009 iF Product Design Award, sensys seamlessly combines aesthetics and function.









**Toolless assembly** Press gently and the hinge arm engages securely in the mounting plate.



Minimum door protrusion Narrow gaps maximize space available for internal drawers



**Unique self-closing angle** Gentle, even closure from an opening angle of 35°



Narrow reveals Only 4 mm for 22 mm door thickness

# Fast-assembly concealed hinges with integrated soft-close function sensys Technical information

### Mounting options



### Full overlay

The door is in front of the cabinet wall providing a small reveal at the side within which the door can open reliably. Alternatively, the door can be overlaid fully (max. 19 mm), in which case sufficient space must be allowed at the side for the required minimum reveal.



### Half overlay

In this case, there are two doors in front of a centre panel, with the required overall reveal between them. In other words, each door has a smaller overlay and cranked hinges are therefore used.



### Inset

The door is located inside the cabinet, i.e. beside the cabinet wall. Here too, a reveal is needed so that the door can open reliably. Heavily cranked hinges are used here.

Minimum door reveal





The minimum reveal (also known as the minimum clearance) is the space required at the side so that the door can open.

The size of the minimum reveal depends on the cup distance C, the door thickness and the type of hinge selected.

Radii on the door edges reduce the minimum clearance.

The required minimum reveal is shown in the table for the respective hinge types.

Minimum door reveal for half overlay



For half overlay configurations, the total reveal between the doors must be chosen to correspond to twice the door reveal. Both doors can then be opened at the same time.

### Cup distance C

The cup distance C is the distance between the edge of the door and the edge of the cup hole. The larger the cup dista



cup noie. The larger the cup distance, the smaller the required minimum reveal.

### Overlay (Door overlay)



The overlay is the distance by which the door projects over the cabinet front.

### Number of hinges per door:

Door width, height and weight as well as the material quality of the door are decisive factors determining the number of hinges required.

The factors encountered in each individual case in practice differ enormously. For this reason, the number of hinges shown in the diagram should only be taken as a guide. If in doubt, it is advisable to produce a trial mounting or to increase the number of hinges.

For reasons of stability, distance X between the hinges must always be made as large as possible.



(Guide values for 19 mm chipboard panels with a density of 750 kg/m<sup>3</sup>)





### General determination of distances

Mounting plates are available in different distances (0/1,5/3 and 5 mm). The height of the mounting plate is defined by distance D. Distance D is embossed on the top of each mounting plate. A larger distance D reduces the overlay for full and half overlay applications. In the case of inset doors, a larger distance D increases the door reveal. To calculate the required distance, the minimum reveal must first be determined from the table of minimum door reveals for the type of hinge concerned. The minimum reveal depends on the cup distance C and the door thickness. Minimum reveals can be reduced by increasing the cup distance C and/or affixing radii to the door edges. The table of minimum door reveals also shows the possible combinations of door thickness and cup distance C.

### Calculating distance for overlay doors

Once the minimum reveal has been defined, the required distance D can be read off in the table for the required door overlay and the required cup distance C.

Ideally, the door overlay and value C should be selected to yield a distance D which is available as a mounting plate.

Example: Overlay = 16 mm and cup distance C = 5 mm yield a distance D equal to 1,5 mm. This distance is available as a mounting plate.

If the calculated distance D differs from the distances available as mounting plates, the difference is compensated by means of the overlay adjustment screw on the hinge arm.

Example: Door overlay = 16 mm and cup distance C = 4 mm yield a distance of 0,5 mm. The overlay is adjusted by - 0 mm when using a mounting plate with a distance = 0,5 mm.

Cup distance	Overlay mm									
C mm	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	
	Distance D mm									
3	5,5	4,5	3,5	2,5	1,5	0,5				
4	6,5	5,5	4,5	3,5	2,5	1,5	0,5			
5	7,5	6,5	5,5	4,5	3,5	2,5	1,5	0,5		
6	8,5	7,5	6,5	5,5	4,5	3,5	2,5	1,5	0,5	

Overlay adjustment



Turn screw clockwise: Door overlay decreases (-). Turn screw anticlockwise: Door overlay increases (+). Depth adjustment



Direct, infinitely variable depth adjustment

Calculating distance for inset doors

Once the minimum reveal has been defined, the required distance D can be read off in the table for the required door thickness and the required cup distance C. This calculated distance D yields a width of joint between cabinet wall and door edge equal to the minimum reveal as listed in the table of minimum door reveals.

Ideally, door overlay and C dimension are selected to achieve a distance in which a mounting plate is available.

Example: Door thickness 19 mm and cup distance C = 6 mm yield a distance D equal to 3 mm and thus a door reveal of 1 mm (this door reveal corresponds to the minimum reveal as listed in the table of minimum door reveals).

If the calculated distance D differs from the distances available as mounting plates, the difference is compensated by means of the overlay adjustment screw on the hinge arm.

Example: Door thickness = 19 mm and cup distance C = 4 mm yield a distance of 1.0 mm.

Use of a mounting plate with D = 1,5 mm yields a door reveal of 1,5 mm (1,0 mm minimum reveal + 0,5 mm due to the difference between distance D and the mounting plate with D = 1,5 mm). However, if a door reveal of 1,0 mm is preferred, the gap must be reduced by 0,5 mm.

Distance D increases proportionally if a larger door reveal is required. Example: Door thickness = 19 mm, cup distance C = 6 mm, required door reveal = 2,5 mm. 3 mm distance (yield a minimum reveal of 1,0 mm) + 1,5 mm enlargement (value = required reveal – minimum reveal) = 4,5 mm required distance D. A mounting plate with D = 5 mm is used. The reveal is reduced by 0,5 mm with the aid of the overlay adjusting screw on the hinge arm.

Cup distance C mm	<b>Doo</b> 15	r thic 16	<b>kness</b> 17	<b>mm</b> 18	19	20	21	22	
	Distance D mm								
3					0,1	0,4	0,9	1,6	
4	0,3	0,5	0,6	0,8	1,0	1,3	1,7	2,3	
5	1,3	1,4	1,6	1,8	2,0	2,3	2,6	3,1	
6	2,3	2,4	2,6	2,8	3,0	3,2	3,6	3,9	

Height adjustment





Using height-adjustable mounting plates makes it possible to align the exact door height. Direct, variable height adjustment with eccentric screw

Assembly



Disassembly





Characteristic for sensys hinges is the ergonomical snap-on assembly. The hinge is slipped into the front of the mounting plate ①, then a light finger pressure and the hinge arm latches onto the mounting plate ② with an audible click.

The hinge arm is now securely clamped, via five points, with zero play. Doors are clipped on zipper style from top to bottom.

Disassembly is carried out in the opposite direction from bottom to top. The hinge is unlatched by pressing lightly on latch ① which is hidden under the side arm for security reasons. In one movement, the hinge arm is lifted off the mounting plate ② and the door is removed from the cabinet ③.



Helich			<ul> <li>Concealed hinge for sna</li> <li>For door thicknesses of</li> <li>Cup diameter 35 mm</li> <li>With self-closing featur</li> <li>Integrated overlay adjuss</li> <li>Integrated depth adjustri</li> <li>Height adjustment at m</li> <li>Hinge cup/arm: nickel-p</li> </ul>	ip-on attachment 15 - 22 mm e itment ± 2 mm ment + 3 mm / – 2 mm ounting plate ilated steel						
			Cup TH 52 Screw on	Cup TH 53 Press-in version	<b>C</b> P	cup TB 53 ress-in version				
Hinge versions	Mounting opti	ons /	Article/Order no.							
	Full overlay									
and the set										
6										
			8645i - TH 52	8645i - TH 53	8	645i – TB 53	PU			
			9 071 205	9 071 208	9	071 226	1/200			
	Half overlay									
			8645i - TH 52	8645i - TH 53	8	645i – TB 53	PU			
			9 071 206	9 071 209		9 071 227				
2000	Inset									
			8645i - TH 52	8645i - TH 53		645i - TB 53	PU			
		1	9 071 207	9 071 210		071 228	1/200			
Hinge-arm cover cap • Nickel-plated steel		Harris		Hinge cup cover cap • Nickel-plated steel			‡ 4,5 mm			
Version	Order no.	PU		Cup version	X mm	n Order no.	PU			
without Hettich Logo	9 082 612	1/200	)	TH 52 / TH 53	68,2	9 082 614	1/200			
with Hettich Logo	9 082 774	1/200	1	TB 53	61,4	9 084 924	1/200			



# Fast-assembly concealed hinge with integrated soft-close function sensys 8645i Opening angle 110°



Mounting plates, see pages 42 - 43 Technical information, see pages 12 - 13

